# History Knowledge Organiser Year 3 and 4 Changes in Britain from the Stone age to the Iron Age

What was new about the New Stone age? Which was better, bronze or iron?

## Need to know

- For most of the period there is no written evidence, most of our evidence comes from archaeologists.
- The Stone Age to the Iron Age covers around 10,000 years.
- The Stone Age was when early humans used tools made from stone, flint and wood.
- Stone Age people were hunter-gatherers and were spread out rather than living close together.
- The Bronze Age began when settlers arrived from Europe to Britain this is when humans started using metal.
- The Bronze Age was followed by the Iron Age when tools and weapons became more advanced and were used for farming, hunting and fighting.

### Vocabulary

settlement - places where people live and sometimes work

BCE- Before Common Era, secular version of BC

CE - Common Era, secular version of AD

BC - Before Christ

AD - Anno Domini

during - throughout the entire time or at a certain point in time when something was happening

period - a section of time with a beginning and end

millennium - a period of 1000 years

archaeologists - a person who studies past human life and culture/study of artefacts

artefacts - object made by humans

## Good to know

- People have been living in Britain for a long time.
- There are many changes but also many continuities e.g. little change in houses, house-building or settlement size.
- The Stone Age can be divided into 3 periods: Paleolithic (old stone age), Mesolithic (or Middle Stone) and Neolithic (or New Stone Age).
- Bronze Age They brought new animals and crops with them. These settlers brought with them ways of making tools and weapons from bronze.
- The Iron Age lasted from 800 BC until the Roman invasion (AD 43). They made tools from iron.

#### Year 3

- **recall** and sequence several events on a timeline, and order artefacts, **with accuracy.**
- Use and **evaluate** a wide range of sources and theories, and ask and answer a range of questions.
- Compare and contrast the lives of people from the period studied to the present day.
- Identify similarities and differences between periods of time.

#### Year 4

- Recall and place people, dates and events on a timeline with accuracy. Use terms related to that period.
- **Summarise** and **describe** cause and effect of an event and give reasons for changes in the period studied
- Identify different ways in which the past can be represented or interpreted